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51

PRESIDENTIAL CANDIDATES.

In all the history of the country there never were so many men spoken of and earnestly advocated by a large following as this year. Each one has his peculiar record and claims, and his friends are sparing no pains to make these known. On the democratic side we have as possible candidates (1) Samuel J. Tilden, who received a majority of the popular vote of the country in 1876, and as a majority of the people believe was entitled to the electoral votes of two or three states which were counted against him by the electoral commission. On this ground alone he could make a powerful appeal to the people, and it is evident the republicans dread him as much as any candidate spoken of. He has been criticized severely by democratic papers, but no serious charge against him has ever been sustained, and he stands before the American people as a man of spotless reputation and the only in our country who was ever elected president and not permitted to take his seat. He was the victim of circumstances and of radical trickery. He keeps his peace and gives no intimation of what he will do, but the silent man of Grammercy park is a power in the land. (2) Senator Thomas F. Bayard, the peer of any man in the land, above reproach, highly cultured and of an illustrious family. He stands upon his dignity, does not seek the office, but nevertheless, has a strong support. A few weeks ago he appeared to be the favorite, and was regarded as the most available man in the field, but the supposed fact that Mr. Tilden is opposed to his nomination, on account of his connection with the electoral commission, and some other circumstances may abate the glow of the Bayard boom. (3) Horatio Seymour is still spoken of enthusiastically, although it has been time and again announced that he will not under any circumstances consent to the use of his name. He is the only man in the United States or traveling abroad that has made such a declaration. It has been beautifully and truthfully said of him: "His life bears the unbroken story of humble living and high thinking, of intelligent and unceasing labors to promote the industrial interests of all classes; of the class devoted to agriculture especially." He enjoys the respect of the American people, irrespective of party, and will doubtless adhere to his determination not to enter the arena of politics. (4) Senator Thurman, of Ohio, would have been a formidable candidate if Ohio had not gone republican at the last election. (5) Ex-Governor Palmer, of Illinois, in an able speech at Springfield on the night of the 17th, declared his readiness to accept the nomination. It is claimed that the Palmer boom is rapidly growing in Illinois. (6) Hugh J. Jewett, of whom we spoke at length yesterday, has been suddenly brought into great prominence as a true and able man and an available candidate. His record has not as yet been assailed, though if he should be nominated we may look out for reports that he smuggled arms into the southern confederacy and spelled rebellion with a small "r" all during the war. These are the principal candidates spoken of on the democratic side. The republicans talk of Grant, Blaine and John Sherman; others are mentioned, but the strong probabilities are that one of these will be nominated. Grant would not command the united support of the republican party; either one of the others would. The thinking masses of both parties feel that a third term, even after skipping one would be a disturbing and an unnecessary innovation upon one of the great traditions of the republic, and that good business management is required rather than a military hero. From this standpoint John Sherman has the advantage of the others.

The Helena Daily Yooman has made its appearance, with C. A. Otey as editor. It is a neat, new, well-printed sheet, and quite a credit to its proprietors and to the journalism of eastern Arkansas. Helena is a lively, growing place, will soon have railroad connection with the outer world, and we have no doubt will support both its daily papers.

YESTERDAY was a big day in Cincinnati, it being the occasion of the formal opening of the great Southern railroad. A committee of four hundred citizens showed the southern visitors around the city. At the banquet last night Governor Marks made a happy and humorous reference to his attempt during the war, along with some seventy-five thousand other southerners, to reach Cincinnati, and said he came to-day with a few of his neighbors to render an apology for failing to come sooner, and he was glad to say that in the warmth of the welcome he and his friends had

received, they had forgotten the disappointment of their failure in the past. The visitors from the south were favorably impressed, and it is believed that this great line will open up a new trade and greatly stimulate the industries of the south. Tennessee was well represented. The principal speakers at the banquet were Governor Marks, of Kentucky; Governor Black, of Tennessee; Governor Colquhoun, of Georgia; Hon. Leslie E. Brooks, of Mobile; M. E. Ingalls, of Cincinnati; and Hon. H. V. Miller, of Atlanta. It was after one o'clock when the assembly broke up.

TEXAS was visited with some phenomenal weather last Monday night. At Dallas there was a severe storm; heavy thunder, blinding lightning, snow four inches deep, and vegetation generally killed. Heavy continued rains prevailed. A special from Austin of that date says: "The weather for the past two days has been intensely cold, and all corn, vegetables and fruits have been killed. Large numbers of cattle are reported to have died from exposure. Small grain has not been seriously injured." And a Waco special to the San Antonio Herald says: "A cold norther is blowing, accompanied by rain and sleet. There was a light ground freeze for two days, and vegetables were killed, wheat hit to the ground; corn and oats are thought to be entirely killed." The Herald of the 16th contains this local paragraph:

The late freeze did considerable damage to early corn and some kinds of fruit, as well as advanced Irish potatoes. Otherwise, the losses will not amount to anything. Where no rain fell, it is believed that even corn has escaped injury. The country from Austin north suffered far greater than this section of the state. Ice formed fully a half inch thick in this city, however, and the thermometer sank to 31°, but the cloudy state of the weather kept off the frost.

This is colder weather than we have had recently in Memphis. Texas is a wonderful state in many respects, and old probabilities never know much about the weather there until it is over.

ADDITIONAL RIVER.

The blue ribbon boat, the Josie Harry, Captain Milt. Harry in command, is receiving at the foot of Court street, and leaves to-morrow evening for White river on her regular trip. She goes through to Jacksonport, carries the mail, and connects with light-draught steamers for upper White and Black rivers. Walker Outlaw, one of the best clerks on the river, has charge of the office, and has associated with him Messrs. William Nucle and Hugh Smith.

River Telegrams.

LOUISVILLE, March 19.—River stationary with 19 feet in the canal and 17 feet in the chute on the falls. Departed—Virgie Lee, Memphis; Thomas Sherlock, New Orleans.

PITTSBURG, March 19.—River 9 feet 5 inches and falling; cloudy and rainy. Arrivals: Buckeye State, 9 p.m.; C. W. Batchelor, 2 a.m. Departures: Batchelor, 12 m.; Buckeye State, 4 p.m.

EVANSVILLE, March 19.—Port list up: Robert Mitchell, 11 p.m.; Idlewild, 6:30 a.m.; Down: New Mary Houston, 10:30 p.m.; J. W. Gaff, 12:30 a.m.; Waying: Parola, 8; J. S. Neel and tow; Granite State, 9:30. Business lively. Clear and mild. Mercury 40 to 48; barometer 29.4 and rising. River stationary, with 38 to 31 feet on the gauge. Wind west.

CINCINNATI, March 19.—River 40 feet 8 inches and falling. Arrived: Guiding Star, New Orleans; Cons. Mill, Memphis.

CAIRO, Ill., March 19.—Arrived—James Howard, New Orleans, 9. Departed—Fannie Tatum, Pittsburg, 10 p.m.; E. W. Cole, St. Louis, 7 a.m.; Sampson, St. Louis, 8; John Porter, Pittsburg, 9; Champion, St. Louis, 11. Clear and pleasant.

St. Louis, March 19.—Arrived—City of Greenville, Vicksburg. River stationary, with 10 feet 6 inches on the gauge. Clear and pleasant.

PALMER'S BOOM.

The Ex-Governor of Illinois Announces Himself a Candidate for President.

SPRINGFIELD, March 17.—The John M. Palmer club held a public meeting to-night at the court house, which was crowded with citizens of Springfield, irrespective of party and those democrats from abroad now in the city. Ex-Governor John M. Palmer delivered an extended address in which he accepted the position of candidate for the democratic nomination for president. He said he did not disparage or antagonize any of the great men mentioned for the position, and would pledge the support of the club and democracy of Sangamon and Illinois in support of the democratic nominee, whoever he may be. He said he will labor with the most earnest zeal to make the union of the states perpetual, and the constitution and laws supreme, and the rights and liberties of every human being within the limits of the union secure under their benign rule. I do not say, and would be inexpressibly sad if I believed, that democrats alone are attached to principles of republican liberty, but I am compelled to declare that the great body of the republican party are so blinded by prejudices engendered during the civil war, and persistently kept alive by their leaders, that they do not see that while they are aiding to subject the country to the despotism of a reckless political majority, they are subverting the liberties of all. It was palpable in 1872 that General Grant was unequal, as well as indifferent, to the civil duties of the chief magistracy. It was then foreseen by thoughtful men that, if he were re-elected, his corruption and profligacy. The republican party was invited by Greeley and Sumner and Schurz and Trumbull and others, who were amongst the founders of the party, to resist Grantism, which was then, as now, a well-defined and dangerous element in American politics. He refused to oppose Grant, and he was re-elected and his second administration affords abundant material for chapters disagreeable to the American character. If I had the selection of the republican candidate for the presidency I would choose Gen. Grant. He alluded to Blaine and Secretary Sherman and Washburne in terms of reproach for their delinquencies in various respects as citizens. He referred to the doctrine of state sovereignty as the bulwark of the nation, and concluded as follows:

But while we contend for the maintenance of rights and powers of the states, we must not forget that the government created by the constitution of the United States was established by the fathers in order to form a more perfect union, establish justice, insure domestic tranquility, provide for the common defense, promote the general welfare and secure the blessings of liberty to the American people forever. The objects of the government are national, and it was designed to effectuate national ends alone. That government, its powers rightly understood, ought not to be and is not an object of jealousy to the democratic party. In my judgment the contest of 1860 is not less important than that of 1860, and I may be permitted in the presence of this club to say that, as in 1860, and the subsequent years of our great national struggle in resistance to secession, I gave my best efforts in the cause of federal unity, I am now prepared to unite with the great democratic party and exert myself with equal energy and no less zeal to support the right of the people to the blessings of regulated constitutional liberty.

THE GREAT RAILROAD.

End of the Conference with Cole—Three Railroads Purchased—The Georgia Western.

Special to the Courier-Journal.]
NEW YORK, March 17.—The conference between Messrs. Cole and Newcomb has finally terminated, and it now appears that the L. and N. has purchased of the N. and O. the Illinois and Indiana divisions of the St. L. and S. E. and the Owensboro and Nashville railroads. The trade was really made when Cole was at Louisville, when the board of directors of the L. and N. ratified the purchase, but for some reason the matter was kept secret. It is known, however, to-day that Newcomb has formally signed the papers with the bondholders, and Cole leaves for home to-morrow. The transfer of the entire ownership of these roads to the Louisville and Nashville is believed to be one reason for the heavy decline in Nashville and Chattanooga stock from 128 to 83 to-day. It is also believed that the Louisville and Nashville have sold a large amount of stock at the high prices, and are now quietly taking it back at lower figures.

There is also no sort of doubt but the project of the building of the Georgia Western has been revived. Your correspondent waited several hours at the office of the Louisville and Nashville to-day, where he discovered Messrs. Newcomb, R. T. Wilson and McGhee in long and earnest consultation. In a subsequent interview with Wilson and McGhee they acknowledged to your correspondent that the consultation with Newcomb was on the subject of the joint building of the Georgia Western road from Atlanta to Blount Springs and an alliance between their system and that of the Louisville and Nashville. It is not denied that the negotiations so far entered are satisfactory, and will probably result in immediate work. Mr. Newcomb will not give any information at present, but your correspondent has learned from an accidental source, that he telegraphed to De

Funak to-day: "Have the route surveyed from Blount Springs to Atlanta."

These important negotiations have awakened the greatest interest in railroad and financial circles. It is an accredited report on Wall street that Newcomb has negotiated a loan of several millions with the Barrings, but he declines to affirm the report at present.

CINCINNATI.

The Cigar Maker's Lockout Settled—1000 Men to Go to Work.

CINCINNATI, March 19.—The cigar maker's lockout, which kept nearly one thousand men out of employment for the last four weeks, will end with this week, and the men will go to work next Monday. This result was obtained by mutual concessions, the union agreeing not to object to female employees, and not to undertake to dictate prices, leaving the employees of each shop to agree with employers, and that non-union men may work along with members of the union. The manufacturers withdrew their demand of a pledge from employees that they would not join the union.

AFTER HIS SHARE.

One of A. T. Stewart's Numerous and Affectionate Relatives.

WHITE RIVER JUNCTION, Vt., March 19.—Shortly after the death of A. T. Stewart, of New York, Alexander Stewart, of Cavendish, Vt., went to that city to contest the will. He returned home, having, he averred, obtained a promise that he should have \$100,000 in money, a farm and other property. Now he claims that the terms of contract have not been complied with, and has attached all the A. T. Stewart property in Woodstock village, consisting of mills, boardinghouse, tenements and residence.

MINISTERS IN TROUBLE.

One Expelled and Another Suspended by the Methodist Conference.

PHILADELPHIA, March 19.—The Methodist conference last night expelled Rev. T. B. Miller from the ministry and church and suspended Rev. William Ma'or from the ministry for one year. Miller was dean and major secretary of the medical college, where a reporter registered as a student, and by payment of twenty-five dollars received from the dean a certificate which entitled the reporter to practice medicine. An appeal will be taken in both cases.

St. Louis Protests.

St. Louis, March 19.—The board of directors of the merchants' exchange, after free discussion of the circular issued by Commissioner Fink in regard to freight rates from common points of shipment in the west to European ports, directed the president of the exchange to appoint a committee to frame a protest against the proposed plan and to ask other boards of trade in the west to join in the protest. It is the opinion of several leading exporters that the plan to control ocean freights by trunk lines of railroad, if carried out, will kill the export business in the west.

MONTREAL.

Singular Accident—Body of a Corpse Set on Fire.

MONTREAL, CAN., March 19.—Recorder Sexton died yesterday, and this morning some of the drapery about the remains took fire from burning tapers. The result was that the interior of the house is ruined, and the body of Mr. Sexton slightly burned. Mrs. Sexton and three other ladies were with difficulty rescued from the roof.

Trouble in Louisiana.

NEW ORLEANS, March 19.—The negro laborers are on a strike in St. Charles parish. The governor, on application of the whites, has ordered the Louisiana field artillery to the parish. The whites report that the negroes threaten to burn the sugar houses if their demands are not complied with.

Cincinnati Market.

CINCINNATI, March 19.—Flour quiet and unchanged. Wheat in light demand at \$1.28. Corn in fair demand at 42¢-43¢; oats, scarce and firm at 39¢. Pork, unsettled, and no transactions. Lard, weak and lower at 7¢-7½¢. Bulk meats and bacon unchanged. Whisky quiet at \$1.04.

Indications.

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 19.—For the Tennessee and Ohio Valley and upper lake regions, clearing weather, winds mostly northwesterly, stationary or lower temperature and generally higher barometer.

BY CABLE.

LIVERPOOL, March 19.—Parole finished first to-day in the cup race, Advance second and Strathblane third. There were eleven starters. Parole was objected to on the ground of cross, and disqualified. The race was awarded to Capt. Macchell's Advance.

The grand national steeple chase was won by Empress, the Liberator second and Downpatrick third. Fourteen ran.

LONDON, March 19.—The betting on the University boat race to-morrow is four to one in favor of Oxford.

DUBLIN, March 19.—The distress in the famine districts is deepening daily. Grants of money issued by the Mansion-house committee exceed the receipts. The land-league say it is desirable that Parnell's arrival be marked by an expression of national feeling.

Bonfires on the hills and bands of music in towns throughout Ireland are suggested for Sunday evening next.

BERLIN, March 19.—In consequence of the pope's friendly attitude it is probable that direct diplomatic relations between Germany and the Vatican will shortly be resumed.

TRIESTE, March 19.—An Austrian revenue cutter seized two Italian trading vessels in the south Dalmatian waters because they surreptitiously conveyed six thousand breech-loading rifles and a quantity of ammunition, apparently destined to Albania or Herzegovina.

They Will Have to Hang.

TRENTON, N. J., March 19.—The court of pardons refused to interfere in the case of Fred. Crill, who has been sentenced to be hanged for the murder of his daughter.

BRIDGEPORT, CONN., March 19.—The supreme court refuses to grant a new trial to Edward Hoyt, sentenced to be hanged on May 20th, for the murder of his father on June 7th, 1878.

A Delayed Steamer.

HALIFAX, March 19.—The steamer Scandinavian is now twenty days out from Liverpool.

PERSONAL AND POLITICAL.

The estates of ten Bostonians recently deceased have been appraised at \$2,191,402.

It is given out that Salvini will act in America next season, under the management of Mr. Haverly.

Lester Wallace and Boucicault are playing together this week in "How She Loves Him," at Wallace's theater.

The Iowa house of representatives has passed a compulsory education bill, and also a bill changing the time of the state election to November.

It is stated that the real name of Annie Pixley ("M'iss.") is Annie Shea, and that she is a niece of the Hon. George Shea, judge of the marine court in New York city.

Miss Bertha von Hillern, the pedestrian, is said to have been adopted as a daughter by a wealthy couple in Boston, who take her into the best society and are permitting her to study art.

ADDITIONAL COMMERCIAL.

COTTON STATEMENT.	
Stock, September 1, 1879.....	971 386
Received since last statement.....	374,154 375,125
Shipped since last statement.....	236 375,511
Shipped previously.....	220,708 272,076
Stock, running account.....	109,436
EXPENSES.	
Receipts thus far this week.....	5,708
Receipts thus far last week.....	6,845
To-day per M. & C. R. R.....	151
To-day per N. & O. R. R.....	50
To-day per L. & N. R. R.....	50
To-day per P. & M. R. R.....	238
To-day per steamers.....	408
To-day per wagons.....	50
EXPORTS.	
Thus far this week.....	30,164
Thus far last week.....	12,068
To-day per M. & C. R. R.....	699
To-day per N. & O. R. R.....	1022
To-day per L. & N. R. R.....	717
To-day per steamers north.....	717
Steamers south.....	—

NEW YORK, March 19, 12:43 p.m.—Cotton opened quiet and steady. Ordinary, 11 1/2-16; good ordinary, 12 1/2-16; low middling, 12 1/2-16; middling, 13 3/16; good middling, 13 7/16; 13-16; fair, 14 1/16; fair, 14 1/16. Futures opened steady; now the same, at very little change from last evening's closing prices, as follows: Deliveries for

March..... 13.07 13.10
April..... 13.11 13.15
May..... 13.20 13.24
June..... 13.28 13.32
July..... 13.36 13.40
August..... 13.44 13.48
September..... 13.52 13.56
October..... 14.00 14.04
November..... 14.08 14.12
December..... 14.16 14.20
January, 1880..... 14.24 14.28
Sales to-day, 50,000 bales.

NEW ORLEANS, March 19, 11:30 a.m.—Cotton quiet. Middling, 12 1/2. Sales to-day, 500 bales. Receipts, 1253 bales.

LIVERPOOL, March 19, 3 p.m.—Cotton opened steady; afterward advanced 1-16d. Uplands 7 1/2-16d; Orleans, 7 1/2-16d. Sales to-day, 5000 bales. Receipts, 1500 bales. American, 1000 bales. Futures opened quiet; now quiet and steady, as follows: Deliveries for March, 7 1/2; March and April, 7 3/8; April and May, 7 1/2; May and June, 7 1/8; June and July, 7 1/4; July and August, 7 1/2; August and September, 7 1/2; September and October, 7 1/2.

MANCHESTER, ENGL., March 19, 3 p.m.—Yarns and fabrics are quiet.

B. Lowenstein & Bros.
—OFFER—
A MAGNIFICENT ASSORTMENT
—OF—
GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS
—AT—
PRICES THAT CANNOT FAIL TO PLEASE.

Gents' Handkerchiefs,
Gents' Shirts,
Gents' Suspenders,
Gents' Half Hose,
Gents' Neck Wear,
Gents' Collars and Cuffs

WE ARE ALSO THE AGENTS FOR

King's Celebrated Unlaundried Shirt,
The Cheapest, the Best Made, and the Most Perfect Fitting Shirt Ever Sold.

Coughs, hoarseness, asthma or any irritation of the throat or bronchial tubes, will be relieved by taking Dr. Bull's cough syrup. It has cured thousands. Recommend it to your friend and neighbor. Your druggist keeps it. Price 25 cents.

C. H. WARREN & CO.,
Dealers in
FANCY
And Staple Groceries,
No. 365 MAIN STREET.

Teas, Roasted and Ground Coffee a Specialty.

M. C. KING & CO.
(Late with J. J. Busby & Co.)
Choice Family Groceries,
220 BEAL STREET.

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RECEIVING A NEAT LINE
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All grades, for Men and Boys.

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KNOW THY DESTINY!
MADAME BEST,
Medium, Clairvoyant and Fortune Teller,
Is in the city for a short time only.
Rooms 560 Main street, corner of Huling.

Gen'l Hood's "Advance and Retreat," and Gen. Grant's "Tour Around the World," richly illustrated. For sale by subscription by the publisher. Price \$2.50, \$5.00 and \$10.00, according to style of binding. Orders by postal through city postoffice promptly attended to.

Non-Resident Notice.
No. 3535.—In the Chancery Court of Shelby county, Tennessee—H. T. Elliott vs. Ben May et al.

It appearing from affidavit in this cause that the defendant, Ben May, is a non-resident of the State of Tennessee, it is therefore ordered that he make his appearance herein, at the courthouse of Shelby county, in Memphis, Tenn., on or before the first Monday in May, 1880, and plead, answer or demur to complaint filed, or the same will be taken for confessed, as to him, and set for hearing ex parte, and that a copy of this order be published once a week, for four consecutive weeks, in the Public Ledger.

This 19th day of March, 1880.
R. J. BLACK, Clerk and master.

A copy—Attest:
By E. B. McCreary, D. C. and M.
Elliott & Elliott, sol. for complt.

Chancery Sale of Real Estate.
Chancery Court of Shelby county—No. 3214, M. J. Roush, adm'r of John A. Roush, et al. vs. F. J. Wolf, et al.—And No. 3223, M. L. Roush vs. S. Berkefeld, et al.

By virtue of an interlocutory decree for sale, on the 12th day of March, 1880, M. J. Roush, et al. vs. F. J. Wolf, et al., and M. L. Roush vs. S. Berkefeld, et al., the undersigned, in trust of the clerk and master's office, courthouse of Shelby county, Memphis, Tenn., as the Taxing District of Shelby county, Tenn., do hereby offer for sale, within legal hours, the following described property, situated in Shelby county, Tenn., to-wit: A leasehold interest in the city of Memphis, situated on the southwest corner of Beale and Main streets, fronting on Beale street 100 feet, more or less, by 185 feet, on the west side of Beale street, with all the improvements thereon, subject to conditions of lease filed herein.

Also a certain tract of land in Memphis on the north side of Hotel street, being lot 11 of block 17, on the plan of said city as set out in the deed of Andrew Stipan, recorded in book 106, p. 514 in the Register's office of Shelby county, Tenn., as

Saturday, April 10, 1880.
within legal hours, the following described property, situated in Shelby county, Tenn., to-wit: A leasehold interest in the city of Memphis, situated on the southwest corner of Beale and Main streets, fronting on Beale street 100 feet, more or less, by 185 feet, on the west side of Beale street, with all the improvements thereon, subject to conditions of lease filed herein.

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Public Ledger
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ORDERS SOLICITED.

March 19th, 1880.
R. J. BLACK, Clerk and Master,
Finley & Peters, H. C. McCall, W. W. Goodwin, Collectors.